

MORETONHAMPSTEAD PARISH COUNCIL

COMPLAINTS POLICY

Introduction. Complaints received from members of the public about the administration or procedures of Moretonhampstead Parish Council (MPC) are not subject to the jurisdiction of the Local Government Ombudsman. However, for the transparency in local government and for the benefit of good local administration, MPC has adopted a formal procedure for considering complaints.

It is essential that complaints are dealt with positively. The Parish Council is anxious to hear people's comments and committed to making full use of complaints information to contribute to continuous service improvement

The Parish Council's Complaints Policy applies to the following three areas of complaint:

- Complaints about a Parish Council service or function
- Complaints about a member of staff
- Complaints about a Parish Councillor

Definition of a complaint A complaint is any expression of dissatisfaction, however made, about the standard of service, action or lack of action by the Parish Council, its elected members or staff, which affects an individual customer or group of customers.

What the Complaints Procedure will deal with:-

- Neglect or unjustified delay
- Malice, bias, or unfair discrimination
- Failure to provide advice or information when reasonably requested
- Providing misleading or inaccurate advice
- Inefficiency, ineffectiveness, bad and unprofessional practice or conduct.

What the complaints procedure will not deal with:-

- Complaints for which there is a legal remedy or where legal proceedings already exists
 - Complaints about employment matters, these will be dealt with by the Parish Council's internal grievance procedure.
- Complaints about an incident or matter which took place longer than 12 months ago.

Equal Opportunities. The Parish Council is committed to equal opportunities.

Complaints/feedback will be used to highlight discriminatory practices, and to promote equality of opportunity. Complaints by members of the public of discrimination and/or harassment against the Parish Council will be dealt with through the complaints procedure unless it is a complaint that should be dealt with through a statutory procedure.

Stages of the Procedure The stages of the procedure are designed to provide the complainant with a thorough and fair means of redress and to provide a framework for officers to work within. However, there may be occasions when a complainant makes an approach in a different manner and it is important that the procedure does not in itself become a barrier to effective communication.

Informal Complaints During the course of daily business, minor complaints are made to officers regarding the service we provide. The appropriate officer or Parish Clerk will usually deal with these. It is not appropriate for every comment received to be treated as a formal complaint. Every effort should be made to deal with these problems immediately, either by providing information, instigating the appropriate action or explaining a decision.

Procedure to follow for Handling Formal Complaints

Stage 1

A complainant may notify a complaint orally to a Councillor or the Proper Officer of the Council (Parish Clerk), This will be recorded as a complaint and passed to the appropriate officer to investigate.

If the complainant remains unsatisfied with the response they shall be requested to put his/her complaint in writing to the Parish Clerk. An acknowledgement will be sent within 2 working days

If a complainant indicates that he/she would prefer not to put the complaint to the Parish Clerk then he/she should be advised to put it to the Chairman of the Council. An acknowledgement will be sent within 2 working days.

Stage 2

The Parish Clerk or the Chairman of the Council, shall try to settle the complaint directly with the complainant within 14 working days of receipt of complaint, but shall not do so without notifying the person complained of and giving him/her an opportunity to comment on the manner in which it is intended to attempt to settle the complaint.

If the investigation of the complaint is likely to take more than 14 working days, the complainant will be notified together with a reason for the extended investigation period.

Where the Clerk to the Council receives a written complaint about his/her own actions, he/she shall immediately refer the complaint to the Chairman of the Council.

Stage 3

The formal response to the complaint must also advise the complainant that, if having received a full response to the complaint, the issue remains unresolved, the complainant has the right to request, within 28 working days, that the matter should be referred to

- a)The Committee responsible for the service or function
- b)The Staff Committee in the case of a member of staff
- c)The Mayor and two other councillors

A decision made by (a), (b) or (c) shall be considered final and the complaint will be considered closed.

If the complainant does not respond within 28 working days, the complaint may be considered closed.

Stage 4

If the Complainant responds and requests the matter to be referred to the relevant committee, the Staff Committee, or the Chairman, as detailed above, the Parish Clerk shall consider whether the circumstances attending any complaint warrant the matter being discussed in the absence of the press and the public. If the matter is such that the Parish Council or the Parish Clerk believes that the matter may lead to a disciplinary hearing then the matter must be heard with the press and public excluded.

If the complaint is against any employee, even if the matter is being dealt with initially out of the context of the formal disciplinary hearing, then the employee is entitled to have a representative present to act as set out in the Employment Relations Act 1999 s.10. The matter before the Council in this case will be to establish whether there is a factual basis to the complaint and the action that should then be taken. The proceedings at this stage cannot be a formal disciplinary hearing, which

must be convened on a separate occasion in the proper manner.

If the complaint is against any elected member the Mayor and two other councillors will decide whether the matter is such as to be an infringement of the Parish Council's Code of Conduct. If this is felt to be the case, the complaint will be forwarded to the District Council's Monitoring Officer for investigation and recommendation.

If the complaint against an elected member does not breach the Parish Council's Code of Conduct, but is felt by the Mayor and two other councillors to be contrary to the spirit of the Parish Council's Acceptable Behaviour Policy (see appendix 1) a recommendation may be made to a meeting of Full Council on how the elected member might make restitution.

Stage 5

The Complainant will be notified, in writing, of the final decision within 14 working days of the meeting.

Unreasonable and Vexatious Complaints In the event of serial facetious, vexatious or malicious complaints from a member of the public the council will consider taking legal advice before writing any letters to the complainant. If new evidence is provided, it will be evaluated in case the subject matter is sufficiently different from any previous facetious, vexatious or malicious complaint as to justify consideration as a new complaint.

Anonymous Complaints Anonymous complaints should be referred to the Clerk of the Council, and may be acted on at his/her discretion, according to the type and seriousness of the allegation.

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